

The Caledonian Mercury.

Edinburgh, Tuesday, April 1, 1746.

From Wye's Letter, London, March 27.

THE Commons ordered an Address to his Majesty, That he would be pleased to give Direction, that there be laid before the House a Copy of Regulations for cloathing the Land Forces and Marines. Put off Ways and Means and the Supply to Wednesday se'n-night. Made a Progress in the Militia Bill, and ordered to proceed farther on Monday se'n-night.

This Day the Commons ordered the House to be called over next Thursday se'n-night, and that such of the Members as do not attend, be taken into Custody of a Serjeant at Arms.

This Day the Report of the 19 Malefactors, several of which have been under Sentence since August, was made, when his Majesty ordered 10 for Execution on Monday se'n-night.

This Day the Troops designed to reinforce the Hessians will be embarked, and will proceed directly to Leith.

Several Workmen are employed in repairing Kensington Palace, his Majesty intending to reside there during the Summer Season.

The Princess Caroline will go to Bath next Week for the Recovery of her Health, her Royal Highness having been indisposed for some time with a Rheumatick Illness.

From the London Evening Post, March 27.

An Extract of a Letter from a foreign Minister at Paris, to another at the Hague, dated March 25.

The Dutch Embassadors at this Court, you have been informed, have solicited the Ministry with great Earnestness, and have urged many Arguments, in order to have an Alteration in the Article of Capitulation for Brussels, which makes the Dutch Garrison of that City Prisoners of War: The Result of which has been, that Cardinal Tencin and M. d'Argenson have intimated to those Embassadors, that his Majesty can make no Change in the Capitulation of Brussels; and that what he had heretofore done in respect to the Dutch Troops, which were found in Tournay and other Places, was a Favour granted them through Friendship to the Republick; but as the States-General has abused his Majesty's Goodness towards them, by sending those very Troops into England, his most Christian Majesty, in order to prevent any Inconvenience of the like Nature for the future, had thought fit to send the Dutch Garrison of Brussels into some of the best Provinces of his Kingdom, to the End that they may there rest from their Fatigue, 'till either an Exchange is made of them, or until they are ransomed. To all which Cardinal Tencin added, That his Majesty having still the Interest and Advantage of the Republick very much at Heart, was yet inclinable to give their H. High-

nesses Marks of his Friendship, in restoring to them the Garrison of Brussels, without paying any thing for their Ransom, upon Condition only that the States-General would accept of a Neutrality, that his Majesty might, without any Interruption from them, endeavour to bring about a Peace. It seems by all that has been said upon this Subject, that both Parties act therein mysteriously.

Hague, March 28. In a Conference which the British Minister had a few Days ago with the Lords of the Regency, they declared to him, that if the King of Great Britain had the Preservation of the rest of the Low Countries at Heart, it was time his Majesty should recal his Hanoverian Troops, in order to join the Army of Prince Waldeck. This Minister answered, That he doubted not but that would be done, though his Majesty had not yet resolved upon the thing. To which they replied, That a speedy Resolution was necessary on this Occasion, to prevent the total Loss of the Netherlands.

L O N D O N, March 27.

Last Tuesday a great Quantity of Hay was put on board the Transports lately taken up for his Majesty's Service, for the Use of the Officers Horses in their Passage to Scotland.

The Transports are all ready to take the Troops on Board at Deptford, Greenwich, Gravesend, &c. they make in all upwards of 4000, and are quartered in Kent, Surrey, and Parts contiguous, and are to sail to Perth to join the Hessians.

Another Regiment of Foot was ordered last Tuesday to embark, and General Skelton's Baggage, and Brigadier Houghton's, who commands under him, were sent on Board the Transports the same Day.

Yesterday about Noon two Companies of Matrosses embark'd on Board some Transports at Woolwich, having with them nine Pieces of Cannon, each Nine-pounders, and other warlike Stores, with a great Quantity of Provisions; and the same Day 16 Carriages, &c. were sent from the Tower to Woolwich, which are to be put on Board the said Transports, in order to proceed to Aberdeen with all Expedition.

The Lords of the Admiralty have appointed Captain Scott to be Commander of the Halifax, a new 20 Gun Ship lately launched at Chatham.

Last Night the Committee of Merchants met, and finally determined, that the Statue of Sir John Barnard should be erected in Marble, in his magisterial Robes, on the South-West Corner of the Royal Exchange.

We learn from Hambourgh that his Prussian Majesty has resolv'd to assemble an Army of 60,000 Men in the Neighbourhood of Halle, by the Middle of the Month of April, but they don't say with what View, which is no Wonder, since the Views of that Prince have been hitherto, generally speaking, impenetrable.



Last Tuesday Matthew Henderson being brought before Sir Thomas De Viel, was, after eight Hours Examination, committed to the Gatehouse for further Examination, for a most bloody Murder committed upon the Body of Mrs Dalrymple, the Wife of Capt. Dalrymple, of Col. Douglas's Regiment, late on Monday Night last, at her House in Wigmore-Street, Cavendish Square, who received upwards of a hundred Wounds. Four other Persons are impeach'd by the abovesaid Henderson, who, though brought up in the Family from five Years of Age, is the very Person that cut her Throat. The House was robb'd of a very considerable Value in Jewels Money, and other Things; but the Circumstances of this barbarous Scene are so intricate, that it is impossible yet to give the Publick a full Account of it. Several of the Lady's Goods were found upon the said Henderson.

Bank Stock Book shut. Ditto Permits 17 Prein. India Stock 156 1 half. South Sea Stock 90 3 4ths.

From the St. James's Evening Post, March 27.

LONDON, March 27.

On Monday the 17th Instant, at the Court Martial at Deptford, a Letter from the Secretary of the Admiralty (by Command of the Lords Commissioners of Admiralty) having been read to the Court, desiring that Admiral M——s might be admitted to ask Questions *viva voce*, of the Witnesses on the Trial of Admiral L——k; and also a Letter from Mr. L——k the Prisoner having been read, signifying, That notwithstanding the Admittance of Admiral M——s to ask Questions otherwise than in Writing (though the Prosecutor's for the Crown) was an Indulgence he had no Right to demand of the Court, since there was no Precedent of the like Kind; yet, such was the Prisoner's Desire to remove all Pretence of Complaint, that he prayed the Court to admit Admiral M——s to examine the Witnesses *viva voce*, in Court, and also to grant that Gentleman every other Assistance he might require. Upon which a Debate arose, which continued some Hours, when it was determined, that the Prosecutors for the Crown, appointed in consequence of the Address of the Hon. House of Commons, were the Council for the Prosecution, and the proper Persons to carry it on, agreeable to the Resolution of the Court last Wednesday; and that Admiral M——s should not be admitted to examine Witnesses *viva voce* in Court.

L. R. Monday a Court Martial was held on board his Majesty's Ship the Princess Louisa, in Portsmouth Harbour, whereof Commodore Griffin was President, when the Gunner of the said Ship was broke for Neglect of Duty.

On Thursday a Lieutenant of one of his Majesty's Ships was by the said Court suspended his Majesty's Service during the Pleasure of the Lords of the Admiralty, for Neglect of Duty.

And in a few Days will come on the Trial of a Captain of a 50 Gun Ship, for Misconduct.

His Majesty's Ships the Hecfor and Lark, a Dutch Man of War, with upwards of 30 Merchant Ships from Lisbon and Oporto, are all safe arrived in the Downs.

There is on board the St. Domingo Ship, formerly a French India-man, taken by the London and Garland

Privateers, 110 Chests of Silver, besides Coffee, Sugar, Indico, &c.

By a Vessel arrived in Ireland we have Advice, that at Bourdeaux they are fitting out with all Expedition six Privateers of great Force, and that they would be ready for Sea in a very short Time.

We hear, that the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor has ordered the Ventilators, invented by the Rev. and Ingenious Dr. Hales, to be fixed up in several Apartments in Newgate, in order to extract the foul Air, and introduce such Plenty of fresh Air, as will prevent the usual contagious Distempers in Jails and Prisons.

They write from Constantinople, both by the Way of Vienna and Venice, that the Shah Nadir had only amused the Grand Signior with Proposals of Peace, and that he was endeavouring to march with an Army of 120,000 Men towards Anatolia, and so directly to the Capital, which had occasioned a prodigious Consternation, and the Resolution lately taken of marching all their Forces on the Frontiers of Hungary into Asia, and assembling there the whole Forces of the Ottoman Empire in the Spring.

The following is an exact Scheme of the State Lottery for the Year 1746.

Distribution of BLANKS and PRIZES.

| | l. | l. |
|-------|------------|--------|
| 2—of— | 10000—are— | 20000 |
| 3— | 5000— | 15000 |
| 5— | 2000— | 10000 |
| 15— | 1000— | 15000 |
| 31— | 500— | 15500 |
| 151— | 100— | 15100 |
| 398— | 50— | 19900 |
| 6545— | 20— | 130900 |

| | |
|-----------------------------|--------|
| 7150 Prizes amounting to | 241400 |
| First drawn | 500 |
| Last drawn | 1000 |
| 42850 Blanks, at 6 l. each. | 257100 |

50000 Tickets, at 10 l. each 500000

By some Letters it appears, the Count de Tana, with a small Body of Piedmontese, has taken the Castle of Guastalo, while M. de Seney, with the Militia of Pignerol, had made himself Master of that of Castle-fiori.

Some Letters mention the Arrival of the Marquis de las Minas to replace the Count de Gages in the Command of the Spanish Army.

The Blanks and Prizes to be Transferable Annuities at the Bank, carrying 4 per Cent. Interest per Ann. free from any Deduction or Charge whatsoever.

The Foot Guards, who had Orders to be ready to embark for Scotland, are countermanded for some time.

It is said there are Letters from Lyons, dated the 16th instant, N. S. which mention, that the King of Sardinia's Troops had penetrated to Villa Franca, and that by the Favour of some British Men of War, who appear'd off that Place, and cannonaded it, have made themselves Masters of the Place.

By a Master of a Ship from Brest, we hear that a Fleet of 25 Men of War, ready equipt for sailing, would put to Sea as soon as the Complement of Men were com-

pleated.

The Report of the Arrival of the King George Packet is entirely a Mistake.

It is said that Admiral Mayne, who will in a short time go to Jamaica, will hoist his Flag on board the Elizabeth Man of War at Plymouth.

The Enterprize, Dawson, from Plymouth for Gibraltar, was lately lost about 50 Leagues from the Rock of Lisbon; but the Captain and Crew were taken up by a Dutchman, and brought to Plymouth.

Tuesday came Advice, that a Lubecker, from Bourdeaux, with Wine and other Goods, is lost on the Swedish Coast. The greatest Part of the Crew was drowned but it is believed that part of her Cargo will be saved.

The —, Heytman, from Lisbon, was stranded near Scarborough, but was drove to Sea by an Easterly Wind, without any Body on board.

A Ship laden with Fruit is lost near Ameland, the Name not known.

The Mary, Fish, from Lancaster and Cork for Jamaica, is taken by the Spaniards, and carried into the Havannah.

The Agnes and Betty, Brame, from Maryland for London, was taken on the 24th of February, with some others, by a Spanish Privateer, and carried into B'boa.

The Maynard, Brooks, formerly mentioned to be taken by the French, is carried into Port-Louis. And the John Galley, Blandy, into St. Andero.

The Frederick, Hall, from Virginia for London, and a Ship of 14 Guns, French built, from Virginia or Maryland, are both taken and carried into Port-Passage.

The —, Murray, a Snow belonging to Bristol, is taken and carried into Port-Louis.

The Carlisle Privateer, Capt. Owens, has taken two Dutch Ships, one laden with Tobacco, the other with sundry sorts of Goods, from Dunkirk, bound to Bourdeaux.

The Vigilance, Capt. North, for Boston from the Leeward Islands, is lost near Cape Sable, the Captain and Crew saved.

The Endeavour, bound for Gibraltar, is taken by an open Boat in the Gut of that Place.

The St. John, Whaley, from Lisbon, is taken by the French and carried into St. Malo's.

The Penguin, Morris, from Cork for Madeira and Jamaica, who was taken in her Passage and carried into Nantz.

The Atkins, Doubt, from Jamaica for Bristol, is taken and carried into Martinico.

The Nancy, Martin, from Barbados to Carolina, is taken by the French and carried into Martinico.

Since the Commencement of the French War, March 31, 1744, to March 11, 1746, have been taken Seven hundred and sixty nine British Ships, out of which Number have been retaken by Men of War 34, and by Privateers 37.

Newcastle, March 22. 'Tis said that 2000 of Cameron of Lochyel's Rebels having marched into Argyleshire, they were joined by 500 Macleans.

On Saturday the brave Colonel Cholmondeley arrived here on his Way to Bath, to take the Benefit of the Waters for the Recovery of his Limbs, having lost the Use

of them in the Battle of Falkirk.

On Sunday Evening the Sheerness Man of War, Capt. O Brian, and the Hawk Sloop, Capt. Grant, having got Pilots on board from this Port, sailed for Murray Frith to join Commodore Smith there.

Three Ships are now loading with Coals in this River for the Use of the Duke's Army, to sail with the first fair Wind.

Extract of a Letter from Dartmouth, March 18.

On the 16th came in the Nelson, of Whitehaven, Kelsick, from Morlaix, with 318 Prisoners; who all confirm the great Armaments the French are making at Brest. The same Day came in the Lyons Privateer, Capt. Banner, of this Place, from a Cruise; who spoke with one of Admiral Martin's Squadron two or three Days ago, who told him the Admiral had taken a French Privateer of 14 Guns.

Extract of a Letter from Portsmouth, dated March 24.

This Morning it was currently reported, (but on what Grounds is not known) that the Captain Man of War had fallen in with Part of the Brest Squadron, with whom she engaged sometime; but having received great Damage from the Enemy, and lost a great many Hands, was obliged to sheer off.

The London and Garland Privateers have taken and sent into Lisbon a French Ship of 20 Guns, bound for Guinea from France. They have also taken a Ship of 36 Guns and 150 Men, from St. Domingo for France, having on board 110 Chests of Spanish Dollars, and other valuable Effects; which latter they have sent for England under Convoy.

EDINBURGH, April 1.

The following is an Abstract of an Order of Privy Council, dispensing with the Quarantine performed by Ships coming from the Mediterranean, published in the *London Gazette*, and setting forth;

That whereas upon Information given in the Beginning of July 1743 to the then Lords Justices, that the Island of Sicily was visited with a Plague, and that the Infection might spread: The said Lords did issue their Order, commanding all Ships that were then arrived and not unladen, or should arrive in any Port of this Kingdom from Sicily, to perform a Quarantine of 40 Days, and all Ships coming from any other Ports in the Mediterranean to perform a Quarantine of 14 Days. And the Lords Justices having afterwards judged it necessary to extend the said Order for the 14 Days Quarantine to all Ships that should come from or thro' the Mediterranean, did issue a new Order on the 21st of July for that Purpose; but that the Ships from Sicily should still be obliged to perform a Quarantine of 40 Days. — And whereas upon Information given to his Majesty, that the City of Morocco was visited with the Plague, and that the Infection had spread to West-Barbary; it was thought proper to command all Ships from thence to perform a Quarantine of 40 Days. — And whereas Application hath been lately made to his Majesty by the Merchants trading to the Mediterranean, setting forth, that the Plague has entirely ceased at Messina, and a free Commerce has been granted to that City since the 5th of October last, and that the Quarantine may be taken off: His Majesty, upon En-

quity and Information that the Plague has ceased in these Places, hath therefore thought proper to order, That all Ships, Persons, Goods and Merchandize, which now are arrived, or shall from and after this 20th Day of March, arrive in any Port of this Kingdom from the above Places, be permitted to enter into such Ports or Places, and unlade in the same manner, as if the aforementioned Orders had never been made. And the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, of the Admiralty, Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, the Master General and Secretary at War are to give the necessary Directions herein.

On Sunday Night was stranded, on the East-side of Inchkeith, a Bark load with Corn, which they are endeavouring to weigh up this Day.

Yesterday arrived at his Seat of Craigmillar from London, the Honourable Sir Charles Gilmour, Bart. Member of Parliament for Mid-Lothian.

The Yorkshire Blues were getting Arms out of the Castle yesterday, and we hear are to proceed very soon to join the Army, in Company with a Body of recovered Soldiers belonging to different Regiments.

This Forenoon were brought from Leith four Gentlemen, taken up on Suspicion at Perth, and several Country People, escorted by a Party of Lees's Regiment, and were committed to the Castle.

There are no Accounts this Post from the Duke's Army.

From the GLASGOW JOURNAL March 31.

We have the disagreeable News that the Ship James, Sinclair, from Bristol for this Place, loaded with Grain, was cast away on the 14th inst. on the Coast of Ireland. — About the same Time the Duke, Wood, from Liverpool for Greenock, was cast away on the Coast of Galway, but Part of her Cargo is saved.

By Letters from Fort-William, dated the 28th inst. we are told, that a Defenter who had left that Place a few Days before, informs them, That there were not above 5 or 600 of the Clans, and 300 French before that Place; and that on Saturday the 22d they had begun to fire with their small Guns, consisting of six four Pounders, and two eight Pounders; that they talked of playing some great Guns on Monday last. These Letters add, That a Company of Johnston's Regiment set out from thence on the 28th, and would be at Dunstaffnage early next Morning, where there are Wherries ready to carry them to Fort-William, which Place Governor Campbell has bravely defended; and to prevent the Rebels sheltering themselves near the Fort, has caused burn the Town of Maryburgh.

We hear that a large Body of Hessians marched on Tuesday last towards Dunkeld, and encamped that Night about 4 Miles from Perth.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

¶ The Managers for the *Edinburgh Shipping Company* do hereby give Notice, That their Ship *The HOPE* John Hay Master, being now near loaded, *The BRITANNIA*, Duncan Pollock Master, another of their Ships, is also taking in Goods at Leith for London; and both these Ships having exceeding good Accommodations for Passengers will sail with the first Convoy, which is soon expected.

Arrived the Close of the last Week and are to be sold by WILLIAM CHALMERS at his Shop Head of the Congate, Edinburgh.

A Parcel of juicy LISBON LIMONS, fine BITTER ORANGES fit for Marmelade, China Oranges, Brandy, Rum, Aquavite, Zrry, Claret, White-wine Vinegar, &c. fine Virgin Honey, Glacé and Cheshire Cheese, Raisins, Prunes, Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Cloves, and other Grocery Wares, in Wholesale or Retail all at reasonable Rates.

N. B. A fine Shag or Siffon Cut Tobacco, or any other Kinds, prepared after the best Method.

Just arrived at the Port of Leith from Philadelphia directly.

A Cargo of FLAX-SEED of the Crop 1745, to be sold by NEIL MACVICAR Merchant in Edinburgh — samples of the Seed may be seen at his Shop in the Lawnmarket, and at the Weigh-house in Leith.

To be exposed to Sale by publick Roup within the House of William Cairns Forrester at Pancaitland-Wood, upon Tuesday the 15th Day of April inst. at 10 o'Clock in the Forenoon.

A large Parcel of WOOD, consisting mostly of Oak, with some Ash, Birch, &c. being Part of Sir Robert Sinclair of Stevenston his Wood at Pancaitland, lying in the Parish of Pancaitland, in the County of Haddington. — Any Person that inclines to view the same, may call for the said William Cairns, in whose Hands, and in the Hands of Patrick Watson Servant to the said Sir Robert Sinclair at Stevenston, the Articles of Roup are to be seen.

To be SOLD by Roup, at the House of Alloa, on Thursday next the 3d of April.

Several MILK-COWS of the best Kinds, a Two-year old BULL, several QUEYS, some last Years CALVES, and OXEN ready for killing; also some six Year-old WEDDERS, and WORK HORSES, with BREWING and MILK-LOOMS, &c. — Also the same Day and Place will be SETT by Roup the GRASS INCLOSURES, called the *Easter and Wester-Inches*, with the *Battocks* and *Kilncrofs*. For further Particulars enquire at John Thomson Writer in Edinburgh, to be got Notice of at the Laigh Coffee house there, or at Bailie John Erskine at Alloa.

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